

TANEY COUNTY REPUBLICAN

W. H. Price, Editor.

FOREYTE MO.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

St. Paul, Minn.—Something of a sensation in newspaper circles of the Twin cities was caused Thursday, when the St. Paul Globe, the only Democratic morning paper in this city, announced that on May 1, it would cease publication, after nearly thirty years of existence.

Buffalo.—Earl W. Card, former president of the Medina National Bank, of Medina, N. Y., convicted of misappropriating the funds of a national bank and making false returns to the controller of the currency in Washington, was Wednesday sentenced to six years' imprisonment in Auburn prison.

Omaha, Neb.—A snowstorm and blizzard raged over the western portion of Nebraska Thursday. Several points report the heaviest snowfall of the year, with a strong wind which drove the snow in blinding sheets over the prairies. The temperature, however, was not severe, which prevented extraordinary suffering.

Montgomery, Ala.—The state of Alabama, through its attorney general and the solicitor for Montgomery county, Wednesday brought suits against the Diamond Match Company, of New York, in the sum of \$20,000 for the alleged failure of the company to comply with the corporation laws of the state before doing business here.

New York.—Rider Haggard, the novelist, who came to this country some months ago to investigate colonization in the United States for the British colonial office, sailed for Liverpool Wednesday on the Majestic. He was accompanied by his daughter and Commander Booth-Tucker, former head of the Salvation Army in this country.

Washington.—Sir Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador, Wednesday informed Secretary Taft that the British government had, at the secretary's invitation, selected Chief Engineer Hunter, the builder of the Manchester ship canal, to act as one of the consulting engineers of the Panama canal board. Mr. Hunter has signified his willingness to serve.

Havre, Mont.—The dead body of Lizzie Booth, an 18-year-old girl, the stepdaughter of George Carde, was found Wednesday in a Chinese opium "joint." The body was covered with bruises, and Coroner Gray believes the girl met a violent death. Toy, a Chinese gambler, has been arrested on suspicion. The affair has created much indignation.

Cambridge, Mass.—The launching of a boom for President Roosevelt to succeed Dr. Eliot as head of Harvard university is one of the possibilities of the coming commencement. Mr. Roosevelt is expected to attend the twenty-fifth anniversary of his class, that of 1880. The alumni committee probably will announce the completion of an endowment fund of \$3,000,000, the income to be applied to the general purposes of the university. The president's class will also give the university \$100,000. The chief marshal of the alumni parade will be Robert Bacon, of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co.

Pueblo, Col.—Mrs. Susan Arnold McCausland, of Lexington, Mo., has written to County Clerk R. L. N. F., asking him to ascertain if he can want has become of 1,280 acres of Pueblo county land which in 1880 was the property of a claim club of which Dr. E. J. Arnold, W. M. Bell, V. J. R. C. Miller and others were members. Mrs. McCausland is a daughter of Dr. Arnold, who died soon after the title of the land was released into the hands of the club. She has heard nothing from the land nor anything of the doctor's claim and has understood that the property is near the city of Pueblo, and very valuable.

Omaha.—After five months of effort to learn practical railroading from the ground up, starting as a clerk in the general auditing offices of the Union Pacific, young Herbert N. Harriman, cousin of the wealthy railroad magnate, and himself worth more than \$1,000,000, returned Thursday to his home in Westbury, L. I. Before departing Mr. Harriman declared that he had accomplished his purpose, and enjoyed the novelty of working for his bread, but he added, "no more \$12 a week job for me." Mr. Harriman, who admits he was unable to carry out his original intention of living in Omaha entirely on his salary, will engage in some business of his own in New York.

Springfield, Ill.—The meeting of the Illinois commissioners to the Lewis and Clark exposition to be held in Portland, Oregon, June 1 to October 20, Wednesday decided that the Illinois building at the exposition should be an exact reproduction of Abraham Lincoln's home in Springfield. In addition a pagoda will be erected a short distance from the main building.

BIG AUTO WRECKED.

One Man Killed and Two Women Badly Hurt.

New York.—One man was killed and two women badly hurt when a big sightseeing automobile, crowded with passengers, crashed into a high brick fence at Eighth avenue and Forty-seventh street Sunday. The streets were thronged with Easter promenaders at the time of the accident and police reserves had to be called out to keep the crowd in check. The chauffeur of the machine asserts it was struck by an Eighth avenue trolley car, was skidded along the tracks and that in this way, he temporarily lost control of the brakes.

The big automobile plunged across the sidewalk and into the fence with great force.

Charles P. Koster, 21 years old, a business man of this city, was killed and Miss Anna Finerman, 19 years old, and Mrs. Angelina Romano, 45 years old, were injured.

Koster and Miss Finerman were on the front seat of the automobile. They were engaged to be married, the ceremony being set for next week. Mrs. Romano was seated in a little from back near the corner of the fence and when both stand and fence were demolished by the automobile she was caught and crushed beneath the falling timbers.

More than forty persons were on the heavy vehicle when the accident took place, and that more were not injured is regarded as remarkable. The automobile is one of half a hundred used in this city to convey visitors from out of town to points of interest about the city.

He Beat One Trust.

Marion, Kan.—District Attorney J. S. Lutz, evolved a way of beating some of the trusts without prosecuting them in the federal court, as he has power to do. He wanted to build a business block in Marion, but when he had prepared his plans, he found he must pay tribute to all the local trusts. He went to Coffeyville for brick, and was given a price of \$7.50 a thousand, and was informed that he must make the deal through his local lumber dealer, who demanded \$5 a thousand on top of the \$7.50. This he would not stand, and the next move was to build the house of cement. He went to Iowa for cement where he was given a price of \$1.50 a barrel, but was told only dealers or manufacturers could buy at that figure; all others must buy through the local lumber dealer, who demanded a takeoff of \$1.50 a barrel. Again he refused to submit, but he was resolved to use cement, and go to comply, with the terms of the trust, he set himself up in the cement business. He has stationary printed, and all that, and the Iowa company sold him ten carloads at \$1.50 a barrel. On the railroad right of way at Marion he established a temporary plant for the manufacture of cement blocks and in a few days he had the walls of his house built. But there was one trust he couldn't dodge—the lumber trust. He had to pay its price for lumber.

Deeds for Chickasaws.

Ardmore, I. T.—The commercial interests are rejoicing over the announcement that D. H. Johnston, governor of the Chickasaw nation would, about May 10, deliver deeds to the allottees for their land. Owing to a disagreement between the tribal authorities and secretary of the interior, these deeds have been held up for several months, and the news that they are to be delivered will be read with satisfaction by large numbers of Indian citizens. The law provides that, one year after date of patent, the allottees may sell one-fourth of their surplus land, another fourth in three years and the remainder in five years. The most important question is, will the deeds be dated from the time the certificate of allotment was issued or the date of delivery. The time is important in the disposal of the land.

Who Died First.

Topeka.—The courts of this state will likely be called upon to settle the same question that arose in California over the Fair estate. It will be remembered that Fair and his wife were killed in an automobile wreck and the question as to whether the property went to Fair's heirs or his wife's heirs hinged on the point as to which died first in the wreck. The same point has been raised at Chanute. Jesse Rubart and his wife were asphyxiated by gas. Rubart's brother claims the insurance and other property, while Mrs. Rubart's mother claims it. The case will be checked up to the courts for decision.

Peru and Chili May Fight.

Washington.—The state department has received advices that there is danger of a rupture between Chili and Peru, growing out of the Tacna-Arica territorial dispute and this has demonstrated the necessity for the immediate selection of an American minister to succeed Wilson at Santiago de Chili. Mr. Brown recently was transferred to Lima.

THE FLEETS ARE FIGHTING

NAVAL BATTLE REPORTED IN PROGRESS IN KAMRANH BAY.

Definite News However, is Lacking—Attack Supposed to Have Been Made by the Japanese Scout-ling Ships.

Paris, April 23.—A dispatch to the Temps from Saigon, reports heavy firing off Kamranh bay. It is supposed that Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron has engaged Japanese scout ships.

Saigon, French Cochinchina, April 23.—The complete Russian fleet left Kamranh bay on April 12, at midday.

At night heavy cannonading was heard out at sea.

It is supposed the Russian fleet was engaged with a portion of the Japanese squadron.

No news has been received here of the Russian squadron since it left Kamranh.

The officers and men of the Russian fleet have expressed themselves as confident of their ability to meet any situation which may arise.

It was stated that Admiral Rojestvensky is suffering from dysentery.

Before the departure of the squadron Vice Admiral Rojestvensky visited Admiral Jonquieres.

No Russian officer or sailor landed from the fleet in Kamranh bay. They had expected Nebogatoff's detachment of the squadron to arrive at any moment.

The natives are highly pleased with the great rise in the price of provisions owing to the Russians' visit.

London, April 24.—Beyond the report that from Kamranh bay the Russian second Pacific squadron proceeded northward there is no further news of any kind nor confirmation of the reported firing off Kamranh bay. There have been rumors recently that a portion of Rojestvensky's squadron was at Helian, near the promontory of Lien-chau. If these rumors are true it is true it is supposed the whole squadron may assemble there and endeavor in Chinese waters to continue coaling and other preparations.

Little attention is paid here to reported movements of Japanese warships. It is considered that Vice Admiral Togo is not likely to lift the veil of secrecy, except for the express purpose of misleading.

St. Petersburg, April 24.—Vice Admiral Rojestvensky continues his policy of strategic silence and has answered the admiralty's message of last Saturday, pointing out the position of the French government on neutrality regulations only by putting to sea, giving no intimation of his plans or destination. Russian naval circles would not be surprised if it should develop that the squadron had been at ready two days or more on its northward way when the instructions were cabled to him, and that the admiralty was aware of this when the message was sent, asking the admiral to move outside the three-mile limit if he happened to be in French territorial waters. A prominent naval officer here last night called the present stage of affairs "a game of naval hide and seek" and declared that the admiralty was justified in sending elusive dispatches, especially as there was reason to believe that the motive of Japan in pressing the question was the desire to learn the exact position of Rojestvensky's squadron.

Receiving the marshal of the nobility of Kostroma recently, Emperor Nicholas ordered him to communicate the following message to the nobles: "My will regarding the convocation of representatives of the people is unswerving, and the minister of the interior is devoting all his efforts to its prompt execution."

Paris, April 23.—The minister of colonies officially confirms the report of the departure of the Russian squadron from Kamranh bay. The Russian admiral, previous to his departure, called on Admiral Jonquieres. The meeting of the two admirals was most cordial.

A dispatch from Saigon to the Temps reports that the Russian fleet outside of Kamranh bay opened a heavy cannonading, probably upon the Japanese scouts.

The Russian transports Kiel, Jupiter, Kniaz Gotschakoff and Kital are still at Saigon, the dispatch adds.

A dispatch from Saigon states that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky is suffering from dysentery, but otherwise the officers and men in the fleet are in the best of health.

Earthquake in England.

London.—An earthquake lasting several seconds and occasioning much alarm was felt about 2 o'clock Monday morning throughout Derbyshire and Yorkshire and in adjacent districts. There was trifling damage to walls and roofs in some places, but nothing serious is reported.

Leonard German name is Lionlike.

JOSEPH JEFFERSON IS DEAD.

The End Came at 6:15 O'clock Sunday Evening.

West Palm Beach, Fla.—Joseph Jefferson, the eminent actor, died at his home, "The Reefs," at Palm Beach, at 6:15 o'clock Sunday evening. The end came after a day of unconsciousness and after a heroic struggle of days which had exhausted his vitality. At his death bed were his wife; his sons Charles B. and Frank Jefferson; his nurse, Miss Mabel Bingham; Dr. R. I. Porter, and his faithful old servant, Karl Kettler.

The end was not a surprise to his family. Ever since his last sinking spell, which came after a rainy Thursday morning, and which was followed by an apparent improvement until Friday the family has been waiting for the end. Mr. Jefferson's condition Saturday night grew steadily worse, and the family, who had retired were summoned from their beds and Dr. Parler was called. The patient's condition continued to grow worse all through Sunday and the brief bulletins from the bedside contained no words of encouragement.

The sickness of Mr. Jefferson which ended in his death was contracted, it is believed, while on a recent visit to his son, Charles B. Jefferson, at Hoboken, a few miles above Palm Beach where he went to meet his friend, former President Cleveland. It is believed that, from a slight indiscretion in his eating there he suffered an attack of indigestion. Since his return to his home his condition grew steadily worse with slight rallies, until the end.

The body of Mr. Jefferson will be taken to Buzzard's Bay on a special train leaving here Monday evening accompanied by all the members of his family who are here. It will reach New York Wednesday morning and the family hope to reach Buzzard's Bay the evening of that day.

Little Sickness on the Isthmus.

Washington.—The March health report of Colonel W. C. Georges, chief sanitary officer of the isthmian canal zone, received here shows a steady improvement in conditions there. There were about 9,000 employees of the commission at the end of the month. The sick in the hospital numbered 153 and the total deaths for the month were only eleven. This is equal to a rate of fourteen per 1,000. In the thirty days ended with March 31, there had been four deaths of yellow fever throughout the whole isthmus, of which one was in Panama. In the previous thirty days there had been twelve cases. Each house in Panama City has been fumigated, a great many of them several times.

A Runaway Electric Car.

Dubuque, Ia.—Thomas Moore was probably mortally injured as the result of a runaway electric car which was dangerously injured as the result of the rupture of a brake chain on an electric car while descending Hill street Sunday afternoon. The car contained sixteen passengers. It ran wild for 300 feet, left the track at a curve and tore the front out of a building. Moore was standing on a sidewalk and was struck by the car, breaking his hip and being internally injured. Mrs. William Bondle and daughter, Ida, were cut and bruised about the head and body. Frank Kearney had four ribs broken.

Snow in Colorado.

Denver.—According to reports coming into local offices of telegraph companies, a heavy storm of rain and snow has practically stopped telegraphic communication to the Pacific coast. The storm reaches from Arizona to Montana. In Colorado, after raining for twenty-four hours continuously, it began to snow Sunday night and in some sections a blizzard is raging. No reports of the storm's effect on railroad traffic had been received at midnight, but serious interference with the operation of trains, it is believed, must have resulted.

Price Mansion Purchased.

Jefferson City, Mo.—The supreme court commission met here Saturday afternoon and selected the historic Price property as the site for the new supreme court building. The price paid for the property is \$35,000 and it is now owned by Mrs. Ada Price, widow of the late Thomas Lawson Price. It is one of the most picturesque spots in the capital city. The Price mansion was built there sixty-five years ago and has been used by the Price family ever since except for a brief time when it was loaned to the state to be used for the general assembly.

Ruth is Hebrew, and means Beauty

Russell A. Alger Stricken.

Detroit.—Returning from Chicago Sunday, United States Senator Russell A. Alger was stricken with apoplexy in his private car and lies in a grave condition. This is the second attack he has suffered this year. Senator Alger was secretary of war under President McKinley and won the title of brigadier general in the civil war.

THEIR SECRETS GIVEN AWAY

A DETECTIVE STENOGRAPHER MAKES IMPORTANT WITNESS.

Puts the Private Letters and Telegraphic Code of the Packers in Evidence—Meat Trust Visibly Surprised.

Chicago.—After playing "detective stenographer" in the private offices of the packing magnates for months, Mrs. Mary E. Marcy, authoress and social worker, returned to Chicago from Kansas City Monday and delivered to United States District Attorney Morrison damaging secrets and code letters of the beef trust heads.

Tremendous excitement reigned in the offices of the district attorney when Mrs. Marcy delivered the secret correspondence every scrap of which the packers believed to have been burned or destroyed.

The letters are said to contain signed statements of the workings of the "Big Five" that show how they manipulated the markets, placing buying and selling prices at figures to suit their fancy, and even playing detective on each other to see that the fixed rates were not secretly cut.

As a stenographer Mrs. Marcy worked successfully in the Kansas City and getting close to the office heads and writing the confidential and secret correspondence that passed between the members of the trust. She became possessed of the secret code which the "Big Five" used in their rate setting and monopoly making matters. She made herself so useful that she handled all the secret and code letters.

Although every one of these confidential messages was marked "Destroy at once by burning," Mrs. Marcy as "woman detective" made carbon copies of many and kept the original man, uscripts of the rest. It is declared by the attaches of the United States district attorney's office that Mrs. Marcy is the most important witness of the Beef trust investigation.

Mrs. Marcy's evidence is considered doubly important because most of the letters are written directly to or signed by the great millionaire heads of the packing houses themselves, direct evidence for which no "dummy" clerk can be held responsible.

Duces tecum subpoenas have been issued by the Federal authorities to bring stenographers and one or two clerks, thought whose hands some of the correspondence is said to have passed into the court.

Mrs. Marcy is being kept under a heavy guard of secret service officials, and although it is said that she is registered at the Victoria hotel under an alias, her place of residence is being carefully concealed. She first attracted attention as a writer through her social settlement studies. Later she wrote a series of magazine articles entitled "The Letters of a Pork Packer's Stenographer." Her home is in Kansas City, where she is an active worker in the bureau of associated charities.

A VICTORY FOR "TOM" JOHNSON.

The Fight for a Three-Cent Fare Aided by a Cleveland Decision.

Cleveland.—Judge Taylor, in the United States district court, gave an opinion Monday in an injunction suit brought by the existing street railway corporation to prevent the Forest City railway company, a new concern, in which Mayor Johnson is credited with being interested, from taking possession of the Central avenue line, the franchise for which it was alleged had expired. The plaintiff contended that its franchise was practically perpetual. The court ruled that the franchise had already expired. The temporary injunction asked for to prevent the new company from taking possession was therefore denied.

Mayor Johnson looks upon the decision as a victory in his fight against the street railway company and for three-cent fare. The Forest City company agreed to carry passengers for three cents.

Man and Wife Burned to Death.

Riley, Kansas.—Herman Pfeil and his wife lost their home here Monday morning, between 2 and 3 o'clock. Both were old residents of Riley county. Mrs. Pfeil leaves one son, Dr. Samuel Sheik of McPherson. The origin of the fire is unknown. It is supposed to have started in a little used room. The house was all aflame when the fire was discovered and all efforts to awaken the occupants were unavailing.

Would Divide Pennsylvania.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Agitation is on here for a new state. Loud calls have been sent out for the formation of the state of "Alleghany" from the twenty-three Pennsylvania counties west of the Alleghany mountains. The Pittsburg Leader, the organ of the Western Pennsylvania republicans, Monday printed a three column story advocating the move.

"REV. ARTHUR CONVICTED."

Sentenced to Four Years' Imprisonment for Forgery.

Paris, Tex.—A. A. Arthur, 77 years old, pleaded guilty Monday to passing a forged instrument, and was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. He came to Paris last summer and represented himself as a railroad conductor. The Paris Grocery company advanced him \$2,500 on a \$10,000 forged draft, payable to H. H. Boyd, one of his aliases. When the forgery was discovered Pinkertons were put on the case and Arthur was arrested last December in Hiawatha, Kansas, where he was living in a comfortable home and doing evangelical work. He says he was born in Illinois and in early life was a geologist.

He came to Texas without requisition and while in jail claimed to have cured an epileptic prisoner by fasting and prayer.

At the time of his arrest Arthur was living at Hiawatha, Kansas, where he had purchased property. He is well known in the West, under that name, as a preacher and evangelist, and as a lecturer on the Holy Land, which he alleges to have visited. His lecture is said to be exceptionally fine. About three years ago he lectured at Exeter, Neb., and so pleased the Christian congregation there that he was engaged as a pastor. A suspicion soon developed that everything was not right with the new pastor and he was permitted to go. Before his Exeter experience, he had preached at Seneca, Kansas, and other places, serving churches of several different denominations.

Later on he turned up in Kansas in quest of funds for the establishment of a church in Olathe, but the suspicion against him was so well defined that he had poor success.

Conferences of the churches of several different denominations discovered that Arthur had never been in the Holy Land; that he had an unsatisfactory record in other particulars, and that he was not a fit person for the Christian ministry. The findings were published in the church papers, and members were warned against Arthur.

Arthur is known under the aliases of H. H. Boyd, A. Larkin, B. Simpson, J. C. Bliss, F. Andrews and E. E. Thompson. He is said to be wanted in several states for forgeries amounting to possibly \$25,000 or \$30,000. He is said to have served five years in the Iowa penitentiary, and was only last year released from the Chicago jail, where he had been serving sentence for a similar crime.

Hurley Succeeds Mudge.

Chicago.—Vice President Kendrick appointed James E. Hurley, now general superintendent of the Santa Fe to be general manager, to succeed H. U. Mudge, who goes to the Rock Island as with the Santa Fe about twenty-five years. He began at a small station in Central Kansas, doing rough work, such as is given to boys. From such a beginning he has done everything on the line. He was several years in charge of the New Mexico division, was made general superintendent of the coast lines, and then came east as general superintendent. He has always been known as a phenomenal worker, a man of quick sound judgment and inexhaustible patience and good nature. He brings to his new work a remarkable, practical experience and long association with many of the ablest railroad men of the country.

It is not known who will succeed Mr. Hurley as general superintendent. It may be that General Superintendent D. E. Cain will be brought from the Western grand division and it may be that one of the division superintendents on the Eastern grand division will be promoted. The necessary changes will be announced in a few days. Mr. Hurley takes charge on the departure of Mr. Mudge, May 1.

Doctors Seeking Fame.

Lincoln, Neb.—Led by leading physicians of the Western country with headquarters in Lincoln, a movement has begun to secure the selection of the names of four doctors of medicine for the Hall of Fame at New York. It is declared has been taken by the medical profession the country over, and an effort will be made to include the name of one physician to the list of twenty-six celebrities that will this year be elected for a place in the hall.

Lawrence Joins Raided.

Lawrence.—The sheriff and police of Lawrence made a raid Saturday night and Sunday morning on numerous joints that have been operating in the city. Four arrests were made, and a large amount of contraband stuff was captured.

An effective spring cooling tonic and physic is the juice of half a lemon squeezed into a quarter of a glass full of cool water and taken before breakfast.

Crushed by a Switch Engine.

Joplin, Mo.—William W. Nesbit, aged 29 years, a Frisco brakeman was crushed to death Monday by a switch engine two yards here.